

# The recommendation of the Darfur Darfur Dialogue & Consultation workshop

(The workshop took place In Khartoum on the 4<sup>th</sup> and the 5<sup>th</sup> of October 2006)

## 1) The representation and the structure of the conference

- As Abuja agreement and declaration of principles states that the number of the conference delegates are to be from 800 to 1000 delegates.
- 60% of the delegates are to be chosen on community and tribal bases. This would include the following.
  - 1- The representation of displaced people and refugees.
  - 2- The representation has to be on group bases on the levels of villages and cities taking in consideration the size of the population.
  - 3- The local administration leaders are to be represented.
- The other 40% of delegates are to include the representation of:
  - The civil society organizations, trades, youth, students, and women.

The structure of the Darfur Darfur dialogue must be on **two levels**:

**Firstly:** the grass root level.

**Secondly:** the conference level.

- 1) The grass root level is to be on bases of units like constituency.
- 2) The refugees and the displaced people are to be considered as a unite on the grass root bases.

## 2) The local administration

- 1) The local administration is the administration that was established on social level in the rural areas according to the norms, the laws and the culture.
- 2) The local administration must be represented in the Darfur Darfur dialogue by those choose by the administration concerned.
- 3) Any administration that doesn't exist in the records of the local administration units before the events of the recent years will have no right to participate in the Darfur Darfur dialogue.
- 4) The tribal participation has to be represented by 60%.
- 5) The norms, traditions and laws are to be respected in appointing the local administration. The representative of the local administration or any one appointed without these criteria would not be recognized.
- 6) The representation of the local administration is to carried through the local administration and unites.

## 3) The completion of Abuja agreement

- a) The Darfur Darfur dialogue workshop is to be appreciated and followed by more workshops and seminars.
- b)
  - 1- The individual compensations.
  - 2- To disarm the Janjaweed and the government militia
  - 3- To secure the safety of the displaced and the refugee camps and to ensure their voluntary return.

- 4- To give Darfur people credible representation in the federal and regional powers structure according to what was accepted by the negotiating parties.
- 5- The participation of the Darfuri people in the civil service.
- 6- To prepare the suitable atmosphere for the dialogue on the media, security and political levels.

## **Women**

- 1) Women must be represented by 50% the majority of whom must be from refugees and displaced women.
- 2) To discuss all women issues with emphasis on reaching solutions to the problems of security, stability and health.
- 3) To ratify all the international conventions on women rights.
- 4) Women rights must be guaranteed in all the laws, including the personal law.
- 5) To amend the law to ensure the voluntary equality.
- 6) To establish women organizations that work for women services and lifting the education and health fees.
- 7) Equality for women on all the civil, economic, political and local levels.
- 8) The immediate cease-fire and the disarmament of the Janjaweed and the armed militia.
- 9) To stop violence against women and to hold the perpetrators of the crimes against women accountable.
- 10) To prosecute all the perpetrators of war crimes in Darfur.
- 11) To ensure the participation of women in the committees of development, reconciliation, compensation and rehabilitation.
- 12) To represent women by 50% in the civil administration and to secure their participation in the various legislative and executive organs.
- 13) To restructure the affected villages and to ensure decent living standards.
- 14) To establish rehabilitation centres for women affected by violence.

## **The security issue**

- 1) The comprehensive and immediate cease-fire.
- 2) To lift the state of emergency in Darfur.
- 3) To declare Darfur as demilitarized zone.
- 4) To stop arming and militarizing tribes by government and armed movements.
- 5) To create guarantees preventing frictions between the herders and to secure the pathways
- 6) The necessity to continue the dialogue between the parties of the conflict so as to reach a peaceful settlement.
- 7) To secure and to open the pathways for the humanitarian relief to pass through without interruption.
- 8) To restructure and rehabilitate the arm forces and the police and the security forces on professional and national bases.
- 9) To sustain the rule of law.
- 10) To find sufficient international guarantees to protect the citizens.
- 11) To control the borders and to prevent the crimes that comes through the borders.

12) To review the Sudanese nationality law.